

IOTA Video Capture, Version 2.1

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1 Introduction

The IOTA Video Capture application targets the needs of the user performing an occultation at a mobile location. The user interface is designed for smaller displays by dividing the application into multiple windows, primarily a main window that displays the video and has a menu bar, a controls window with large buttons that are easily activated either by mouse or touch screen, and a user messages window that displays relevant information. The user can perform manual recording or timed recording, the latter permitting unattended recording.

The rationale for the development of this application goes beyond targeting the IOTA member as an end user. A key factor is that the source code belongs to IOTA, which means that as the operating environment changes the code can be updated by an IOTA member to reflect the new situation. Applications used by IOTA members that have been developed many years ago and no longer supported may not run under the latest version of the Windows operating system, sometimes forcing users to stick with older versions of the operating system. Issues like these are removed when IOTA owns the code.

2 Installation

Application development is based in the Visual Studio Community IDE. As a result it targets the Windows operating environment, specifically Windows 8.1. Applications developed in the Windows 8.1 environment also run in Windows 10. The application may run in other windows environments such as Windows 7, but no formal testing has been done to verify other environments.

The application is delivered as a self installing executable. The install executable name depends on the application version number, and is "iota_vc_n_n_setup.exe" where the first 'n' is the major release version number and the second 'n' is the minor version number – absent if a major release. If the executable is delivered as an e-mail attachment, the file name will have ".sav" appended to the end in order to pass through e-mail security systems. Upon saving the executable file in a local directory, you must remove the ".sav" extension.

To start the install process, simply run the self installing executable, typically by double clicking the file name. The Windows OS may ask if it is OK to let the install process make changes to your computer. Either answer yes if you want to continue with the install, or no to exit the install. The IOTA Video Capture application can be installed in a folder of your choice or you can use the default folder. DO NOT install into a folder where a different IOTA application is installed because an uninstall conflict will occur.

Version 2 of the application is the first release that uses a self installing executable and it is no longer dependent on the download of a Visual Studio run time environment. To avoid possible conflicts with the version 1 release, it is recommended that you install this release into an empty directory.

If you install this release into an existing directory into which you have previously installed the application using a self installing executable, uninstall the previous version prior to doing the new install. In order to uninstall the previous version, execute the file "unins000.exe" from the install directory which will perform the uninstall.

3 Start Up

You can typically start up the IOTA Video Capture application without paying much attention to start up variables, that is, the application windows will simply appear on the display and you can then do the normal set up for recording an occultation. However, the first time the application is started there might be a need to pay attention to special circumstances due to the fact that the variables that represent application configuration have not been saved in an options file. In particular some of the more important values in the options file is the positioning of the application windows. Some computers have small display screens and this presents problems with the placement of the application windows which are always be placed within the boundaries of the display screen. When there is no options file the three start up windows are positioned in the upper right corner of the display. You should then place the windows on your display where you would like them to start up in the future, and save the windows positions (see options below). Subsequent start ups will place the windows in the same position as when they were saved.

4 Video Recording

Use standard Windows mechanisms to start the application, for example by double clicking on the desktop icon or double clicking the ".exe" file in File Explorer. This action will pop up an initial splash screen followed by three windows. The first window is the display window which as mentioned in the introduction contains a menu bar.

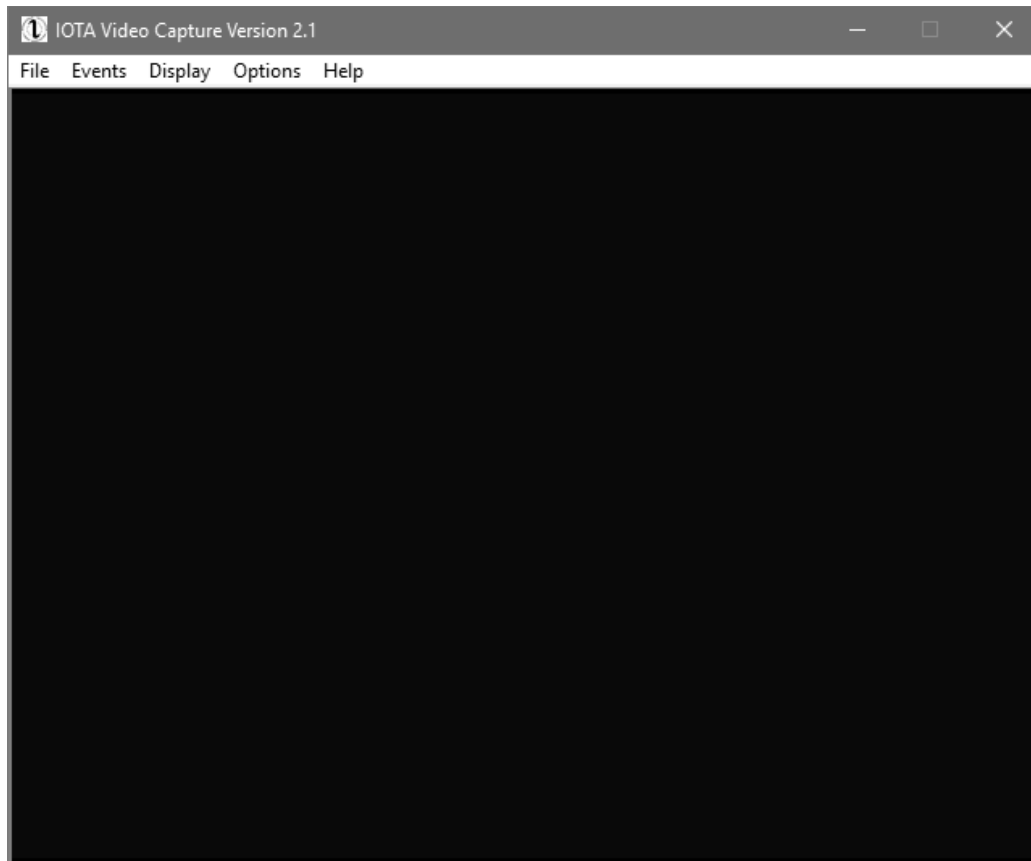
The second window is for user messages. It displays information relevant to the operation and usually precedes each piece of information with the current UTC time. Current local time is never shown; however, the first message displayed is the time zone setting for the computer. The "File" menu on the menu bar is used to save the user messages to a log file.

The third window to pop up is an event recording controls window containing buttons that can control the application. The two control buttons used are to start and stop video recording. If there are no video devices attached to your computer, this window will not appear.

There are other windows that will pop up during various user activities. These windows are described below in the appropriate sections.

4.1 Display

The Display window contains an embedded window that shows the video from the current video capture device and a menu bar with five menus that provide interfaces to most of the user tasks.

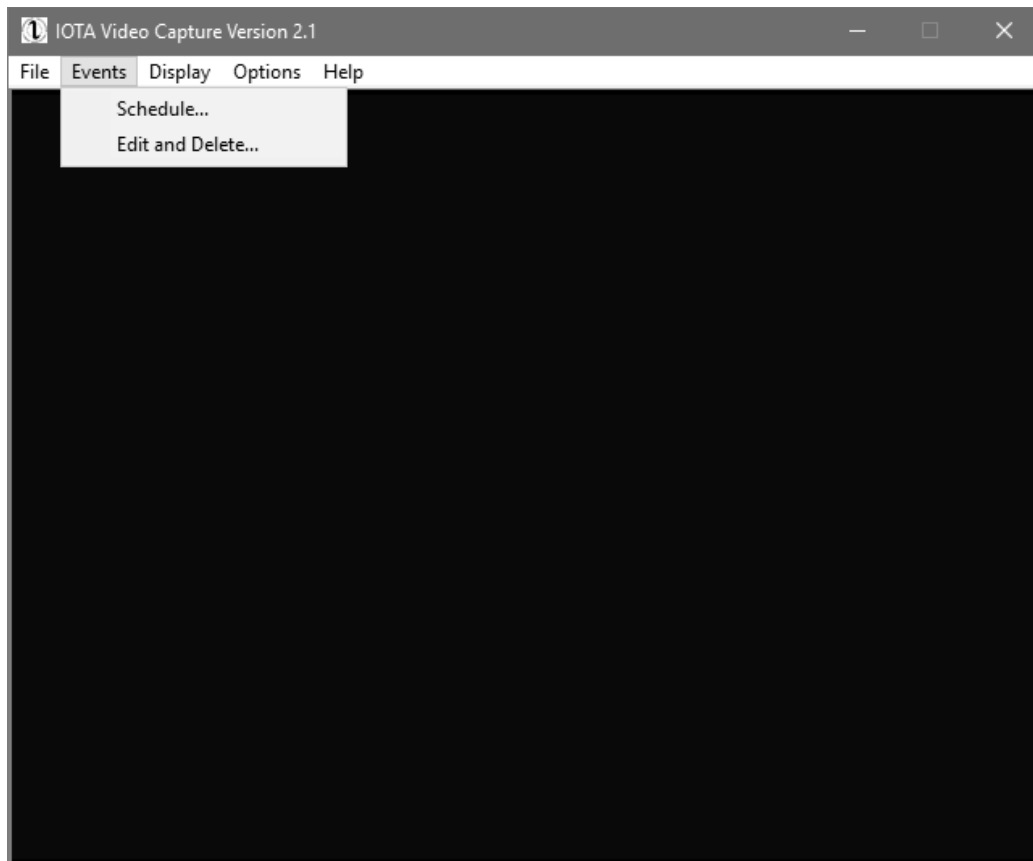


The File menu has one submenu named "Exit". Choosing "Exit" causes the application to shut down which closes all open child windows and the main display window. You can also exit the application by selecting the 'X' in the upper right corner of this window.

The Help menu has one submenu named "About IOTA Video Capture". When selected a message is sent to the User Messages window that contains the version number of the installed IOTA Video Capture and explains how to report issues.

Shown below are the submenus of the remaining three menu bar items and give brief descriptions of each, but detailed explanations occur later in the User's Guide.

The Events menu has two submenus.

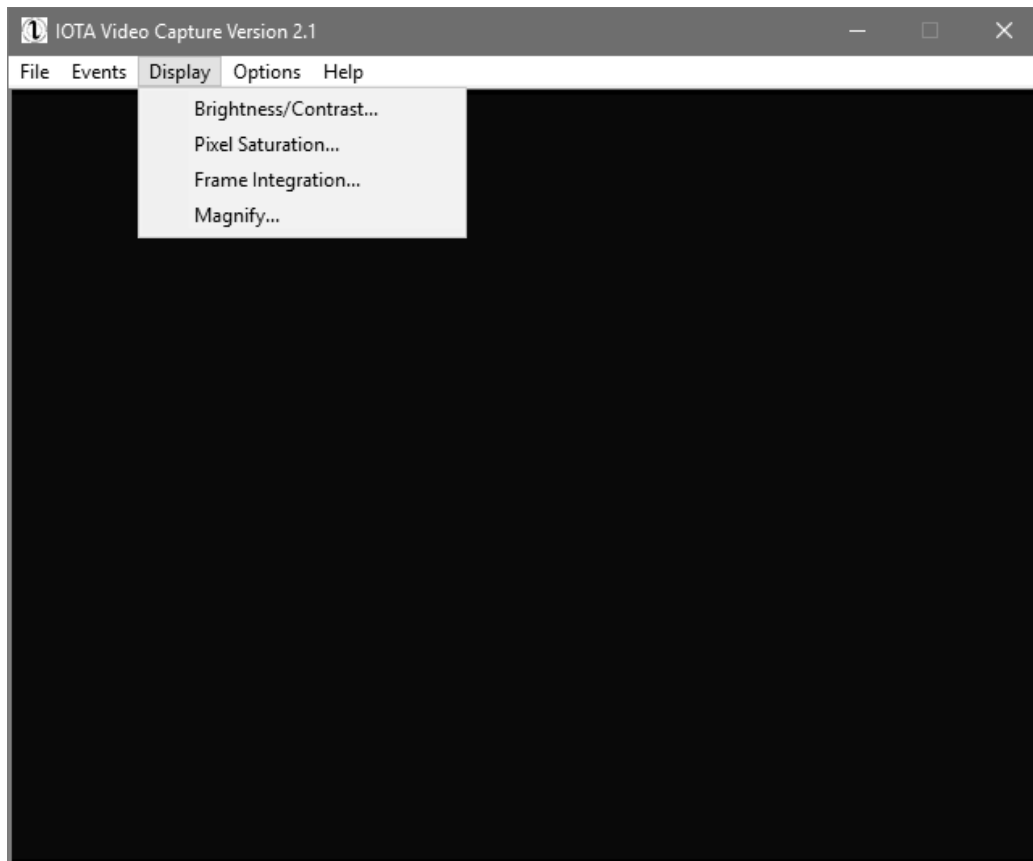


The "Schedule..." submenu permits scheduling an occultation event. The "Edit and Delete..." submenu provides editing capabilities of existing events along with the ability to delete events.

The Display menu has four submenus as shown below. Display submenu selections affect only what is seen in the display window. They do not affect what is captured in the video recording stored on disk except for one special case for "Brightness/Contrast" discussed later in Miscellaneous options.

When any of the four submenus are selected, a dialog window specific to the selection pops up on the display screen. Any of the pop up windows can be closed by selecting the 'X' in the upper right corner or by re-selecting the Display submenu, which will have a check mark by the selection.

If there is no video capture device attached to the computer, all four submenus are deactivated.



The "Brightness/Contrast" selection pops up a dialog that controls the brightness and contrast of the video display.

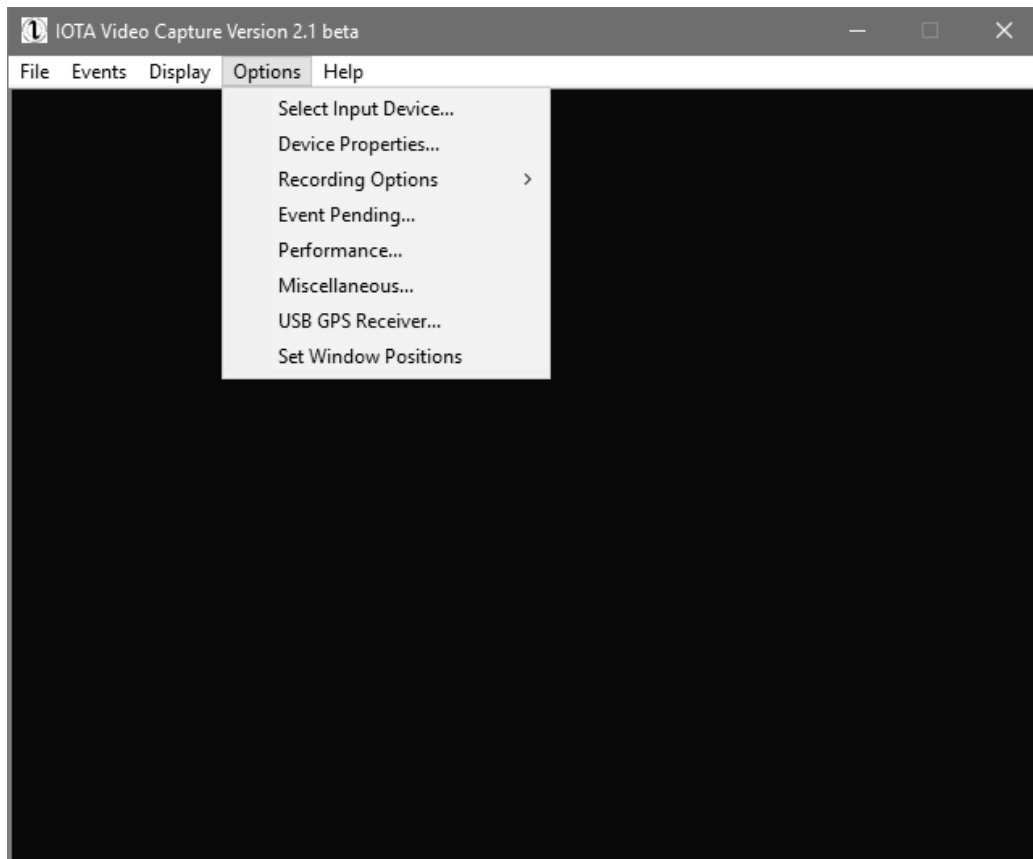
"Pixel Saturation..." allows setting a value such that if any pixel in the video display exceeds or matches the value the pixel is displayed with a special color. The special color (magenta) is one that is not seen in a star image and thus should stand out in the video display.

"Frame Integration..." provides software integration of consecutive frames from the video camera. It is supplementary to the brightness/contrast feature and it is possible to use both features at the same time.

The "Pixel Saturation..." and "Frame Integration..." dialogs can be shown at the same time, but the frame integration feature has priority and pixel saturation will not be in use until frame integration is canceled.

"Magnify.." permits enlarging or shrinking the Display window by up to a factor of two.

The Options menu has seven submenus which when selected may cause information to be stored in an options file (the "Pixel Saturation..." feature described above may also store information in the options file, but it is better placed under the Display menu).



"Select Input Device..." permits selection of a video capture device. The selected information can be saved such that the next time the application is started the video display uses the selected parameters. If there are no attached video capture devices, this submenu is deactivated.

"Device Properties..." allows change to the properties of the current input device including frame rate and frame size. The selected information can be saved such that the next time the application is started the video display uses the selected parameters. If there are no attached video capture devices, this submenu is deactivated.

"Recording Options" has several sub menus that will be described momentarily.

"Event Pending..." permits change to the way an event countdown window is displayed.

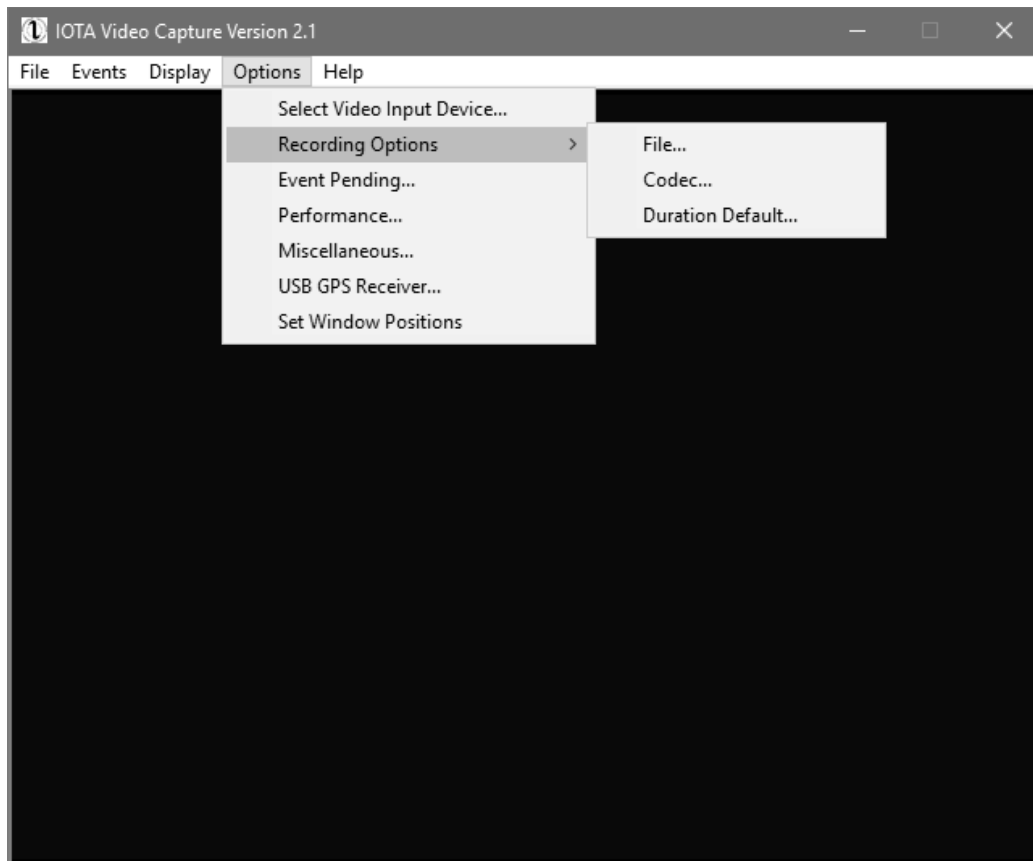
"Performance..." is a selection that is normally not used unless you have hardware that has below average video capture capabilities.

"Miscellaneous..." holds options that do not fit well into other categories and it contains three options. One option provides spacing around record buttons and is useful for small monitor screens. Another option provides an automatic start up of a USB GPS receiver if one is attached to the computer (a GPS display window pops up if successful). A third option permits insertion of the "Brightness/Contrast" feature into the video capture stream, which should not be used except under special categories of occultation recording.

"USB GPS Receiver" is applicable only if one is plugged into a USB port, and if so it provides the location of your computer, both in a pop up window and in a recording log file.

"Set Windows Positions" captures the positions of the windows on the display monitor and stores the values so that the next time the application is started the windows will appear at the same positions. If a window is iconified its position before it was iconified is captured.

When the "Recording Options" menu is selected a submenu appears as shown below.



"File..." allows for storage of generated files to disk locations other than the default locations and permits adding a prefix to the default file names. There is also a global file prefix that can be applied to all files generated by a scheduled event recording.

"Codec..." is used to pair a specific codec with a video file format. If a pairing is created, that codec is used when a video file is created for storage to disk. The codec used with a video format can be changed any time prior to the start of a recording. If there are no attached video cameras, this submenu is deactivated.

"Duration Default..." permits setting a default recording duration. When an event is scheduled, the scheduling dialog starts with the default recording duration. The duration value can be modified when scheduling an event, or it can be modified with this submenu so that scheduling an event starts with the new default value. If the value in the "Duration Default..." dialog is never set, the default value is 10 minutes.

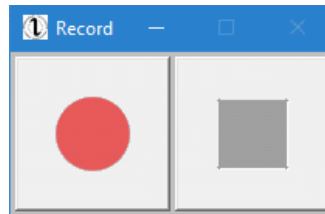
Selecting Options submenus that are followed by "..." pops up a dialog window for additional interaction. Some of the dialogs merit further discussion and are described later in this document.

4.2 User Messages

This window is for displaying relevant information to the user. It has a menu bar with one menu, namely "File". The "File" menu has two submenus, "Save Messages" and "Save Messages and Clear". The "Save Messages" selection saves the contents of the window to a file with a ".log" extension. It leaves the contents of the window intact. In contrast, the "Save Messages and Clear" selection also creates a log file with the window contents but then deletes the window contents.

4.3 Control

Video recording, which means capturing the streaming video from a camera to a file stored on disk, can be started manually or by a scheduled event. When the application is activated with an attached video camera, a window called "Record" is displayed.



The window has two control buttons whose icons are the same shape that is seen on a typical VCR or DVR, namely start recording and stop recording. If the start recording button is selected, the video stream seen in the display window starts being captured to a disk file. If no options have been previously specified, then the video file is given an application default name and stored in a default directory. Selecting the start recording button deactivates it and the stop recording button is activated.

4.4 Pop-up Windows

Pop-up windows (dialogs) appear when a submenu having text ending with “...” is selected. The dialogs require that you enter specific information, and it can be closed by selecting “Cancel”, “OK”, “Save”, or “X” in upper right corner. Some of the dialog windows are described below where additional information can be helpful.

When a pop-up window is selected and its position has never been saved in the options file, then it will appear in one of the four display corners of the display screen. Its position is selected such that it does not have any overlap with the main display window. If that is not possible then its position is upper left. If you subsequently move a pop-up window and then close it, re selecting the window will pop it up in the same position as when it was closed. If you save windows positions to the options file, it will capture the position of any popped up window (even if iconified).

4.4.1 Select Input Device

The “Select Input Device...” submenu is for choosing and formatting a specific video capture device attached to the computer. When this is selected the dialog that pops up is shown below.



If only one video capture device is attached it is automatically selected in the Source list. If multiple devices are attached the application will select the default device saved in the options file or otherwise select the first one in the list. The selected device streams its video to the main display window.

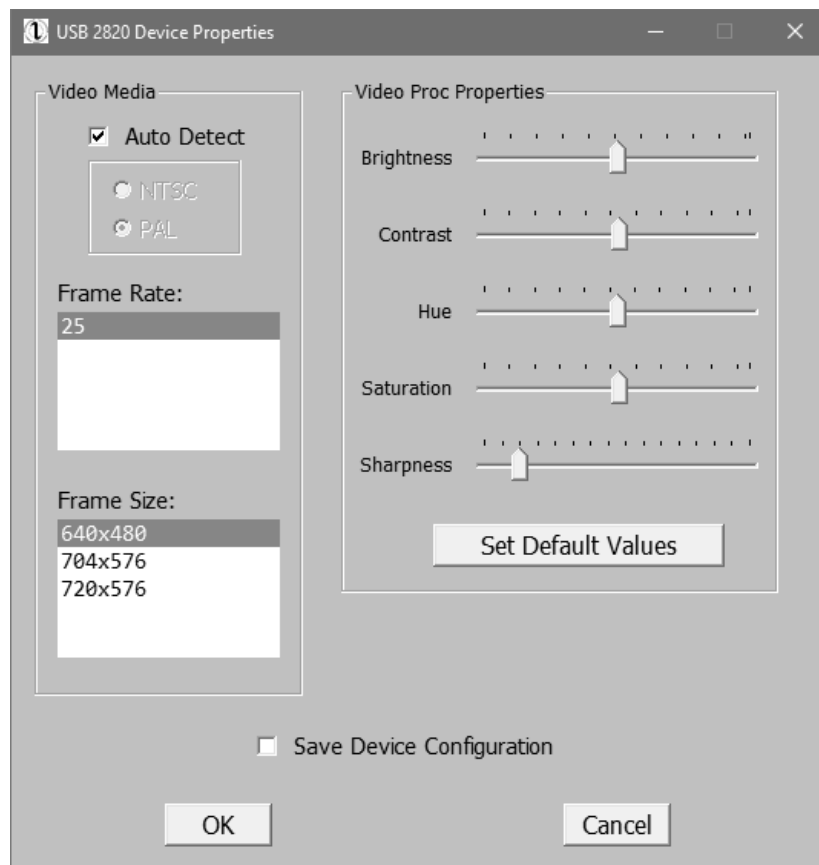
There is a checkbox named “Default device” under the device selection list which if checked will make the highlighted device the one chosen when the application is initialized.

You can choose to have the highlighted device ignored by pressing the “Ignore Device” button. When that is done the highlighted device is moved to the “Ignored devices” list. If you later decide to remove the ignore property you can select the ignore device and press the “Restore device” button which then moves the device back to the device selection list above. One possible use of this feature is for an installation on a laptop which has a built-in webcam. If the webcam is ignored then only the devices that are plugged into a USB port will show up on the display. If there are no devices on the computer except for ignored devices a user message will appear that states there are no attached devices and the main display will be blank.

The “OK” and “Cancel” buttons are used to decide if the values for the default device check box and the ignored devices are to be persistent, meaning that they are used the next time the application is started. If “Cancel” is selected then the values are discarded.

4.4.2 Device Properties

The “Device Properties...” submenu is for setting the properties of the current input device, and when selected the following dialog window pops up.



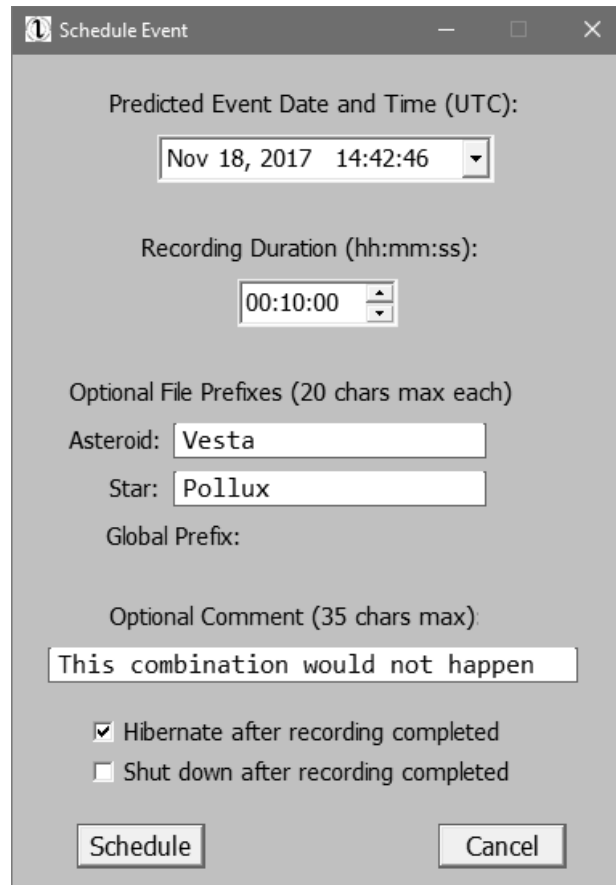
Video media properties appear to the left, including the format (PAL, NTSC, or Digital), the frame rate and frame size. For an analog video device the choice is PAL or NTSC and for IOTA approved devices there is a feature called “Auto Detect”. If checked, the application checks at startup time if the device driver is set to the proper format that reflects the camera setting. If it is not it will switch the format to the proper one and inform the user as such in the User Messages window. If automatic detection is set for a device, the application start up time will take a couple seconds longer. If an analog device is attached that is not in the approved device list, then the “Auto Detect” check box will not appear and the two radio buttons for NTSC and PAL will be active. NOTE: if you have saved a device configuration for a device that has auto detect enabled and subsequently change its format from PAL to NTSC or vice versa, it is possible that the device will not display because the configuration does not match what is possible for the format. To recover from this situation choose “Select Video Input Device...” followed by “Set Device Properties” and pick a valid frame rate and size.

The values in the Frame Size list box represent the width x height in pixels of the video display. For some devices different formats might mean that the same picture is expanded or compressed to fit within the width x height values, and for other devices it might mean that more or less of the same device image is displayed in the main display window. The device may have frame sizes that are not shown in the list because the IOTA Video Capture application will not show any frame size that has a width of less than 640 or a height less than 480.

The right side of the dialog has slider bars for each property that can be set for the device. Various devices may have a different number of slider bars. When a slider bar is moved there is instant feedback in the display window. For many devices the values set by the slider bars will remain persistent from one session to the next; however the best way to insure the same settings each time the application is initialized the “Save Device Configuration” box should be checked and OK pressed. The properties in the dialog window are either from a device configuration or from the device driver if there is no configuration. If the Cancel button is pressed the properties will not be saved even if the “Save Device Configuration” box is checked.

4.4.3 Scheduling An Event

Manually recording an occultation event requires the user to be present to start and stop the recording. This can be inconvenient for many reasons and points to a need for scheduling the recording period around a predicted event date and time. Under the "Events" menu there is a submenu "Schedule..." that when selected pops up the following dialog.



Predicted Event Date and Time (UTC):
Nov 18, 2017 14:42:46

Recording Duration (hh:mm:ss):
00:10:00

Optional File Prefixes (20 chars max each)
Asteroid: Vesta
Star: Pollux
Global Prefix:

Optional Comment (35 chars max)
This combination would not happen

☒ Hibernate after recording completed
☐ Shut down after recording completed

Schedule Cancel

The above dialog starts with the "Predicted Event Date and Time (UTC)" filled in with the current date/time from the computer. The "Recording Duration" is filled in with the value set using the "Duration Default..." Option submenu, or the application default value of 10 minutes if the duration option was never entered. Now the actual event date/time can be entered. **IMPORTANT NOTE:** the value entered represents the midpoint of the recording interval. For example, with a recording duration of 10 minutes the recording will start 5 minutes prior to the "Predicted Event Date and Time (UTC)" and end 5 minutes after.

Optional file prefixes can be added to the event file names. The first prefix is the asteroid name and the second one is the star name. The third prefix name (Global Prefix) is set in another dialog which has yet to be discussed. All the prefixes are prepended to the files that are created when the event actually occurs. Each prefix has an underscore character '_' that is automatically added to the end of the prefix in order to highlight the separation between each prefix. The final file name will look something like asteroid_star_global_etc. The details of the etc portion are once again discussed in the same dialog where the global prefix is set. When the event actually occurs there are two files generated. Both will all have the same filename except for different file extensions. The event video file will have ".avi" as an extension and the event log file will have ".txt" as an extension. When the Schedule button on the above dialog is pressed, an event file is created with the same filename as the other two files but with an ".ief" extension (ief stands for IOTA Event File).

An optional comment can be added to the scheduled event, which can be useful for a later review of the

scheduled events or serve as a reminder of what has already been recorded by expired events.

There are two check-boxes for hibernation or shutdown of the computer after the event recording is complete. This might be useful for recording an event on a laptop with an internal battery as its only power source. Only one of the two check-boxes can have a check mark. If a box is checked, then upon completion of the recording a dialog will pop up that gives you 30 seconds to stop the hibernation or shutdown. If not stopped within the allotted time then the computer is placed into hibernation or is shut down.

Sometimes hibernation is not supported on a computer, and if that is the case there is a user message upon application startup that indicates lack of support. It is recommended that you test hibernation capability prior to using your computer in the field for a real event recording. It is possible that there might be no message about lack of hibernation support even though it is indeed not supported on a specific computer so it is best to test hibernation capability in advance of a real event (i.e. try it with a fake event).

The shutdown choice initiates a timed computer shutdown (after the 30 seconds expires) and a video application exit. The timed shutdown closes all open applications and provides one last chance to prevent a shutdown.

If the Schedule button is selected, the event file is stored in the "Events" sub-folder in the same directory as the application executable. The file is in XML format and can be examined using Notepad (avoid WordPad). Although it is easy enough to modify the file contents, it is recommended that you use the edit capability (discussed next) for modifications in order to avoid errors that can cause the application to malfunction. The Schedule button is active only if the predicted event time is ahead of the current computer time, thus the popped up dialog will initially have the button deactivated.

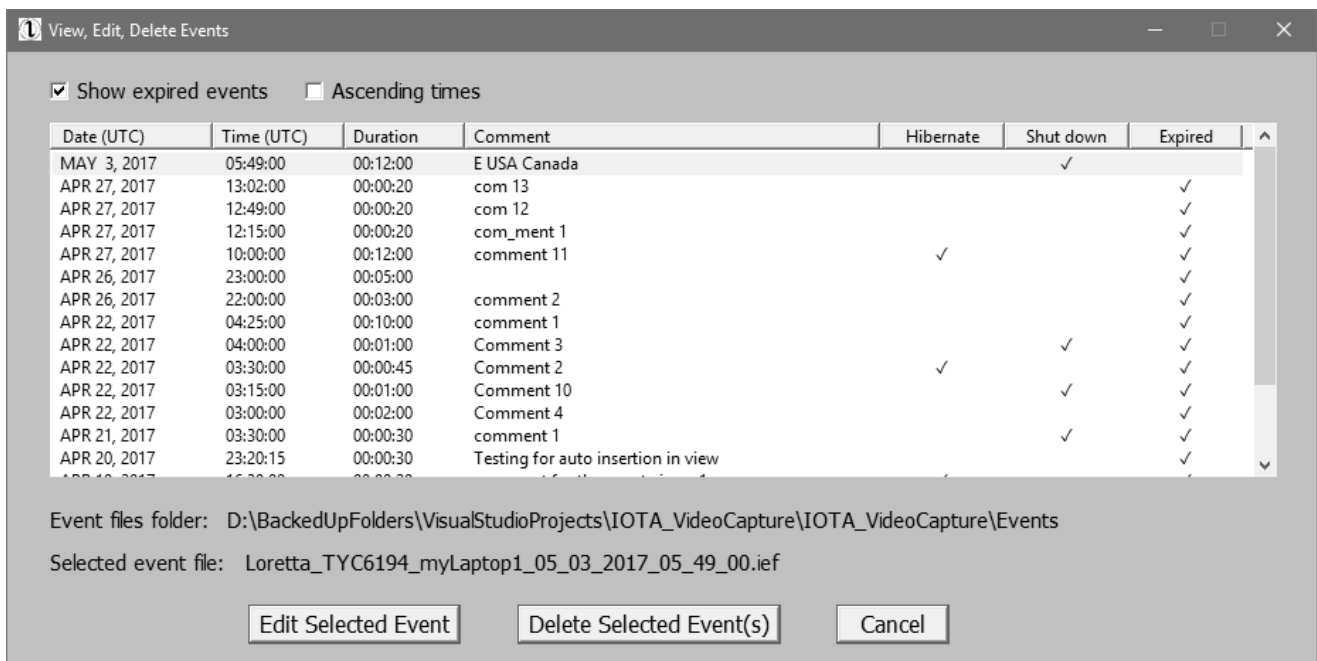
IMPORTANT NOTE: the event date and time entry is used to calculate the recording start and stop times based on the duration value. The recording start and stop times are triggered by the computer clock, thus it is important to keep your computer clock time reasonably accurate prior to recording an event. Microsoft provides a web based automatic facility to keep your clock current, but if you do not like that facility and turn it off there are other web based facilities such as the NIST time server. Alternatively you can manually set the clock if you have other ways of obtaining an accurate time such as from an atomic clock.

This dialog permits the use of the tab key to switch from one field to the next. Also the four arrow keys work within the two date/time fields to move between values (left, right arrows) and to change values (up, down arrows).

NOTE: if the maximum number of characters for either the asteroid or the star proves too restrictive, report this issue. The reason for the restrictions is to keep the file pathname length to a reasonable value.

4.4.4 Edit And Delete Events

All events can be reviewed by selecting the "Edit and Delete..." submenu of the "Events" menu. The following dialog pops up.



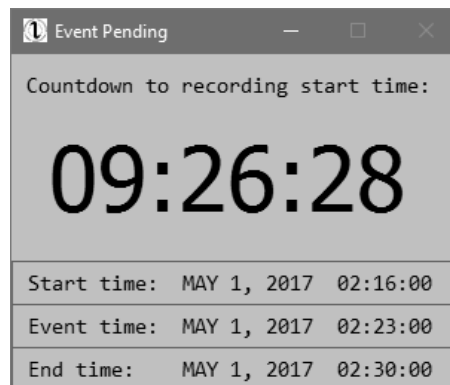
In the above dialog the "Show expired events" checkbox is checked, and thus the dialog shows all expired events and one event yet to occur (there can be many yet to occur if scheduled). The event yet to occur will shut down the computer 30 seconds after recording completion. Note that all the expired events are fake events used to test the application and to fill the above dialog with many events.

If one of the events is selected, the "Edit Selected Event" button is activated, which pops up the Schedule Event dialog shown earlier in this guide. If one or more events are selected, the "Delete Selected Events" button is activated. If this button is pressed, all selected events are deleted; however, just to be safe there is an "are you sure" dialog.

Two lines of text are shown below the events list box. The first line shows the folder in which event files are stored. This value does not change and is based upon where the application is installed. The second line shows the file name of a selected event. The event file is stored in the folder listed in the first line.

4.4.5 Event Pending

If there is an event scheduled for the future (i.e. not expired) and a video camera is attached, then an Event Pending window is displayed.

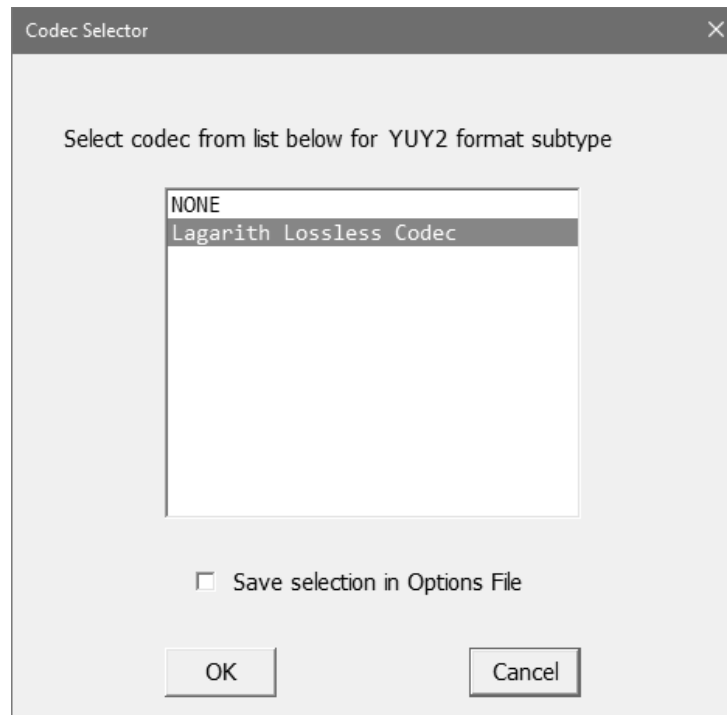


As shown above the window contains a countdown field that shows how much time remains until event recording is started. In this case the recording duration is 14 minutes so that the start time is 7 minutes before the event time, and the end of recording is 7 minutes after the event time. An alternative to showing a countdown timer is to show the current UTC time. In order to do that there is the "Event Pending..." submenu under the "Options" menu, which when selected pops up a dialog that allows you to change what is displayed in the above Event Pending window.

If the Event Pending window is displayed because there is a scheduled event, then selecting the "Set Windows Positions" submenu under the "Options" menu will capture the position of the Event Pending window (along with all the other displayed windows) and save it in the options file so that the next time the window pops up it will show up in the saved position.

4.4.6 Setting The Codec

For each device attached to the computer and recognized by the application as a video capture device it is possible to set a default codec used when recording the video to a disk file. The codec applies to the video media format output by the device. The same media format may be used by multiple devices already attached to the computer or used by a device attached sometime in the future. The format and codec need only be paired once and the pairing then applies to any device that uses the format. When selecting "Recording Options->Codec..." the following dialog pops up.

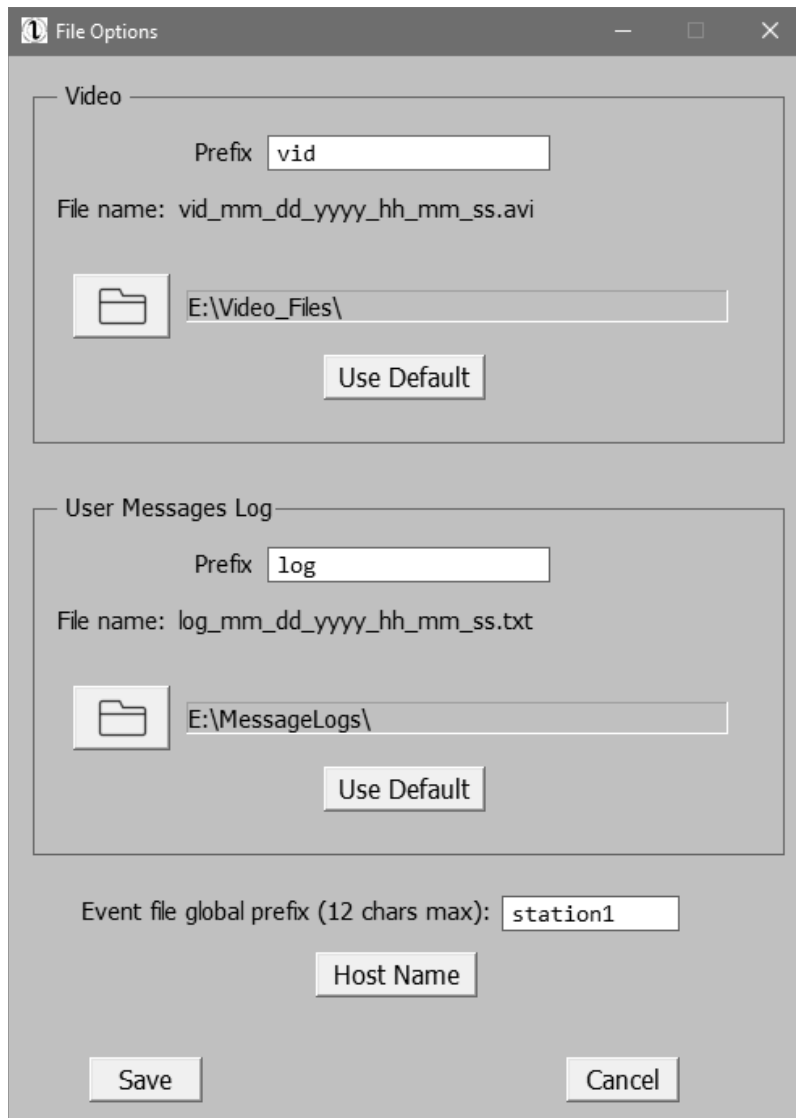


The dialog is based on the current device in use, which in this case happens to be the USB 2820 Device. This is the designation given to the device attached to the computer when using the StarTech SVID2USB2NS hardware that plugs into a USB port. The highlighted entry in the dialog above is the codec in current use for the YUY2 format subtype. If there is no highlighted entry then there is no pairing in the options file.

In the dialog above it shows that the Lagarith Lossless Codec is paired with the USB 2820 device YUY2 format. If there is no pairing of the format with a lossless codec such as Lagarith or some other lossless codec, then a video recording can generate enormously large files, so consider using a format pairing. Even using the Lagarith codec generates large files, but they are manageable. With the Lagarith codec a 10 minute recording might typically generate a 2 to 4 GB file.

4.4.7 File Defaults

Selecting the "Recording Options->File..." submenu allows you to modify where recorded files and associated log files are stored, and also to modify where text files from the User Messages are stored. If no defaults have been chosen, then the files are stored in subfolders of the install directory named "VideoFiles" and "LogFiles". The submenu selection also permits you to enter an optional event file global prefix. When the submenu is selected the following dialog pops up.



The dialog box is titled "File Options" and contains two main sections: "Video" and "User Messages Log".

Video Section:

- Prefix:
- File name: vid_mm_dd_yyyy_hh_mm_ss.avi
- Folder selection: (with a folder icon to the left)
- Use Default button

User Messages Log Section:

- Prefix:
- File name: log_mm_dd_yyyy_hh_mm_ss.txt
- Folder selection: (with a folder icon to the left)
- Use Default button

Event file global prefix (12 chars max):

Host Name button

Save and **Cancel** buttons at the bottom.

The dialog has two embedded groupings, one group for setting video file defaults and the other for setting user messages log file defaults. In the above example the video file grouping has been given a file prefix "vid" and thus the file name is indicated below as vid_mm_dd_yyyy_hh_mm_ss.avi. If no prefix had been entered, the file name would instead be mm_dd_ etc., which is the application default. Note that adding the prefix automatically appends the underscore character to the prefix. The "E:\Video_Files\" entry was created by selecting the folder icon to the left of the entry. If you otherwise decide to use the application default location you can select the "Use Default" button below the entry. The same user interaction concepts also apply to the User Messages log file defaults.

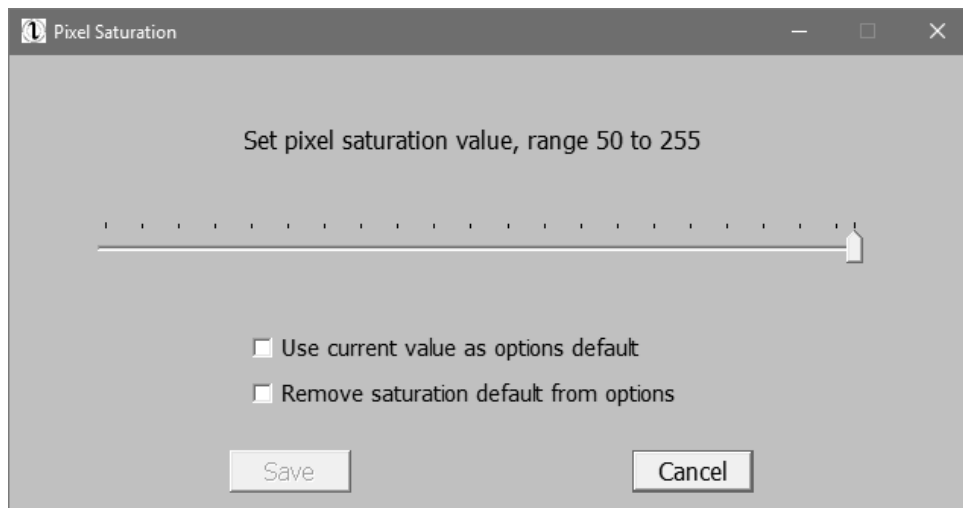
If the selected directory in either of the two groups is too long to see the end character, you can hover the mouse

cursor over the entry and a text box will appear that shows the full directory path.

The optional “Event File Global Prefix” will embed the text string in any files generated as a result of an event scheduling or recording. The “Host Name” button will enter the text of the computer name, which can then be modified if desired. For a manual recording none of the event file prefixes (asteroid, star, and global) are used, but instead only the prefixes specified in the Video and User Messages Log groups are used.

4.4.8 Pixel Saturation

This feature permits you to determine if the video camera sensitivity is too high for the occultation recording situation by displaying pixels which have reached the saturation limit. If you select the “Pixel Saturation...” submenu under the “Display” menu the following dialog pops up.



When the above dialog is displayed, the video display has pixel saturation enabled. The slider bar on the dialog can be moved to see if any pixels are saturated according to the value set by the slider. If the “Brightness and Contrast” window is activated, the values set by that window do NOT affect whether or not a pixel is saturated. Technically it means that the saturation filter is placed before the brightness/contrast filter in the video display stream.

If the pixel saturation is saved in the options file, which is accomplished by selecting the first radio button and pressing Save, the saturation value is used every time the application starts up. In order to eliminate this behavior you select the second radio button and press Save.

If you close the Pixel Saturation dialog the pixel saturation feature is not applied to the video display, even if there is a saturation value stored in the options file. Also the Pixel Saturation is never applied to a recorded file.

4.4.9 Performance

This feature can be used when the computer hardware used to execute this application drops frames when capturing video to a disk file.

One strategy is to select a different Microsoft video renderer besides the default, which is the Enhanced Video Renderer (EVR). Two other renderers are provided, namely the VMR9 and VMR7 renderers. The EVR is the future direction for Microsoft, but it can be a performance hog if hardware support is not provided. It is possible that using one of the other two renderers might solve the dropped frames issue for specific computers.

Another strategy is to turn off the display while recording, which is likely the strategy with the biggest effect. This is a good selection to use for unattended recording since it doesn't matter if you can see the video. One final

strategy is to remove display filters while recording. For example if the brightness / contrast window is in use and this checkbox is checked, then the brightness / contrast filter will not be in the video display stream when recording is started and the window will be hidden. This option is a little more performance intensive than turning off the display because the display is still being rendered.

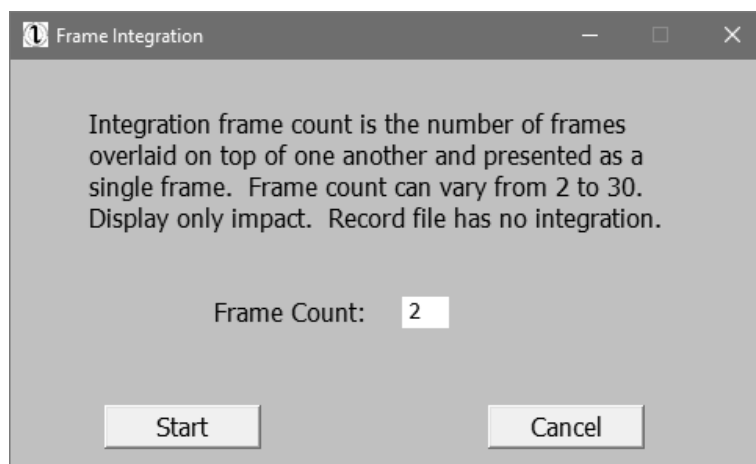
Selecting the “Performance...” submenu of the Options menu displays the following dialog which permits setting performance strategies that are especially useful if you are experiencing dropped frames during a recording.



There are other things to try besides those shown on the above dialog. If you Google “dropped video frames” you will find links to articles that discuss how to prevent them. An important strategy is to prevent most interrupts from occurring while you are recording, which might typically involve disabling your internet connection and stopping unnecessary background processes.

4.4.10 Frame Integration

The Frame Integration feature can normally be ignored except under circumstances where a target star is simply too dim to be seen in the display window, even after using the brightness/contrast feature. Frame integration will overlay a specified number of frames on top of each other and then start over with the next set of frames. If you select “Frame Integration...” under the “Display” menu, the following dialog pops up.



You can enter from 2 to 30 frames to be overlaid. The bigger the number the more easily seen are the dim stars. A drawback to bigger numbers is that background noise also becomes more apparent, thus the process of finding dim stars might take some experimentation.

As previously mentioned, Frame Integration overrides the Pixel Saturation feature if both dialogs are displayed.

4.4.11 USB GPS Receiver

The window shown below will only pop up if there is a USB GPS Receiver plugged into a USB port. It is shown by selecting the “USB GPS Receiver...” submenu under Display. If no GPS is found it will state as such in the User Messages window. The application will be unresponsive during the search for a plugged in GPS and an “unresponsive” dialog is shown. If the GPS is found, the “unresponsive” dialog is closed and the GPS dialog appears about 5 seconds later.



This particular USB device operates at 9600 baud, but the application supports older ones that operate at 4800 baud. The location values update approximately every 5 seconds. Note that the “Capture Position” and “Set Time Difference” buttons are disabled and are reserved for future enhancements. The dialog can be used to verify your location and can be used as a cross check to the values reported by the IOTA VTI.

If the GPS window is on display when a manual recording is started, the information in the window is captured and the window is closed. When the recording is ended, the information is placed in the recording log file. The GPS display can be automatically restored with the “Options->Misc...” selection followed by checking the entry named “Automatically start USB GPS if connected”. This applies not only to manual recording but also to event recording. Thus if several events are scheduled, each event log file will have the GPS information and the GPS display will reappear after each event recording is completed.

5 Miscellaneous

5.1 IOTA Approved Devices

The Auto Detect feature for an analog capture device is supported only for devices that have undergone extensive testing by IOTA. To date there are two devices that have been approved for built-in support in IOTA Video Capture. They are the StarTech SVID2USB2NS and its replacement SVID2USB23. When they are connected to the computer running IOTA Video Capture they will show the names “USB 2820 Device” and “USB 2861 Device” respectively. Other USB analog capture devices may work well with the application but they will not have Auto Detect support and potentially may have other issues such as high levels of video noise. A request for device support can be made by sending an e-mail to the address shown in “Help->About IOTA Video

Application”.

5.2 Video Device Disconnect / Reconnect

Version 2 of IOTA Video Capture has added the ability to detect USB device connects and disconnects. As an example, if the application is started with no attached video capture devices and then a device is plugged in, the application will detect the device, render its video stream in the main display window, and show the Record control window.

If the current video device is disconnected (accidentally or otherwise) a message is sent to User Messages. If there is no other attached video capture device, the Record window will be hidden and a no attached device message sent to User Messages. On the other hand if there is an alternative attached video device it will be displayed and the Record window will remain in place.

If a recording is occurring (manual or event) and the current device is disconnected, the disconnect message is sent to User Messages but there is no device switching. Instead the display window shows a blank or frozen display and will remain so until the device is reconnected or the user session is exited. Each time a device goes through a disconnect / reconnect cycle while recording, a new avi and log file is created with the same name as the original recording except that “_n” is appended to the name with the “n” being a number representing the cycle number.

5.3 Memory Use

IOTA Video Capture is based on Microsoft's Common Object Model foundation which tends to be very slow when releasing memory that is no longer used. For that reason the application memory use can increase substantially if certain user operations are performed such as changing the frame size. Increased memory use will have little impact on computers with a lot of available dynamic memory, but under powered computers may be more likely to drop frames during recording. To avoid such issues it is a good practice to configure your recording device and save the configuration in the options file prior to using it for an occultation.

6 Digital Video Cameras

The IOTA Video Capture application currently provides full support only for analog video cameras, but the hardware trend is towards digital video cameras. Some IOTA members have already installed and used digital video cameras on the same computers that they run the IOTA Video Capture application. Sometimes the application may show a digital video camera as a possible selection when the camera is plugged into a USB port and you select the camera with “Devices and Formats...” submenu under the “Options” menu, but sometimes it will not show up. It depends on the characteristics of the installed driver. There is no guarantee that the application will work for a specific digital video camera. Full support for digital devices is planned for subsequent releases.

7 Release History

- Version 1.0, July 25, 2016
- Version 1.1, November 25, 2016
 - Pixel saturation feature
 - Support StarTech device with audio and video input – only the video input is captured
 - “Performance...” submenu under “Options” for use when computer is dropping frames
 - “Display” menu and move the “Brightness/Contrast” feature as a submenu
 - “Help” menu. In this release all it does is display the application version to User Messages.
 - Prevent computer from going to sleep or into hibernation during an Event countdown
 - Prevent multiple instances from running on the same computer

- Add splash screen
- “Frame Integration...” feature under the “Display” menu
- Version 2.0, September 4, 2017
 - Display 2x magnifier
 - Global and local file prefixes
 - Improve coordination between event scheduling and viewing
 - Improve the codec pairing mechanism
 - Device properties feature
 - Add AVI file playback
 - Recognize USB device connects and disconnects
 - Automatic detection of the analog device format (NTSC or PAL) for IOTA approved devices
 - Install setup executable eliminates need to download Microsoft run time environment
- Version 2.1, January 18, 2018
 - Display 2x magnifier changed to provide more flexible magnification feature
 - All Microsoft dialog boxes removed and replaced with modeless dialogs
 - File Options dialog reworked
 - Special entry in recorded AVI file provides coordination with IOTA Video Playback application
 - The Brightness/Contrast can be placed into the video capture stream for special situations
 - Windows screen positioning is improved for startup when there is no options file